# WELCOME A VISIT TO NILGIRIS

## HOST THE BLUE WALKERS

TREK KE SAATH BHI, TREK KE BAAD BHY

**TREK GROUP 3** 



## **INTRODUCING THE WALKERS**





#### **GL cum PJ MASTER**

#### SRI SRI 1008 BABA AJAYANAND



## AJAY SHUKLA, IRS (IT)





#### PLASTIC KI DUSHMAN



#### THE GREAT POSER

#### UBHARTA HUA SITARA



#### **SUMIT AHUJA, IRS (IT)**

## SUNIL, IRS (IT)

## TREK DEEWAANI



#### **SHIVANI NARAIN, IRPS**

#### **TUSHAR CHAVAN, IFoS**



#### SILENT WALKER

#### **IRON LADY**

## LAKSHMI, IRS(C & CE)

9

RAHUL, IES

#### **DURONTO EXPRESS**

#### **DEV ANAND**

## SOMNATH, ISS

## SANDEEP, ISS

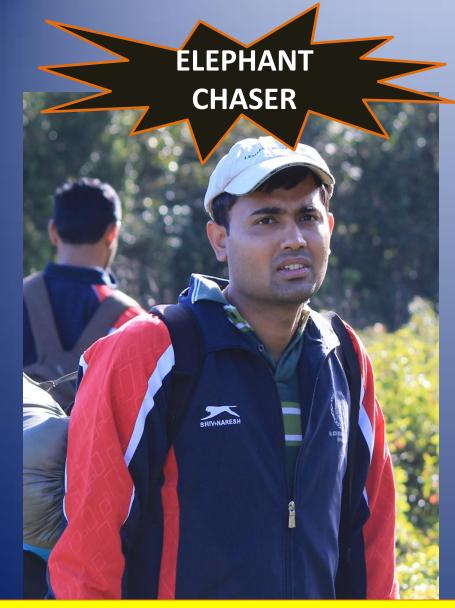
#### PHATA POSTER NIKLA VIJAY

**VIJAY, IES** 

## NARENDRA, IRTS

SPRITE SEEDHI BAAT; SEEDHI BAAAS NO BAKWAAS

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#### **SUMANTA CHAKRABORTY, ISS**

#### SIMPLEST GUY-THE TREASURER

#### **VIVEK CHOUDHARY, IES**



## SUPPORTING CAST







SUBRAMANIASHOKPRAVEENMANIMUTTU

## **GUEST APPEARANCE**

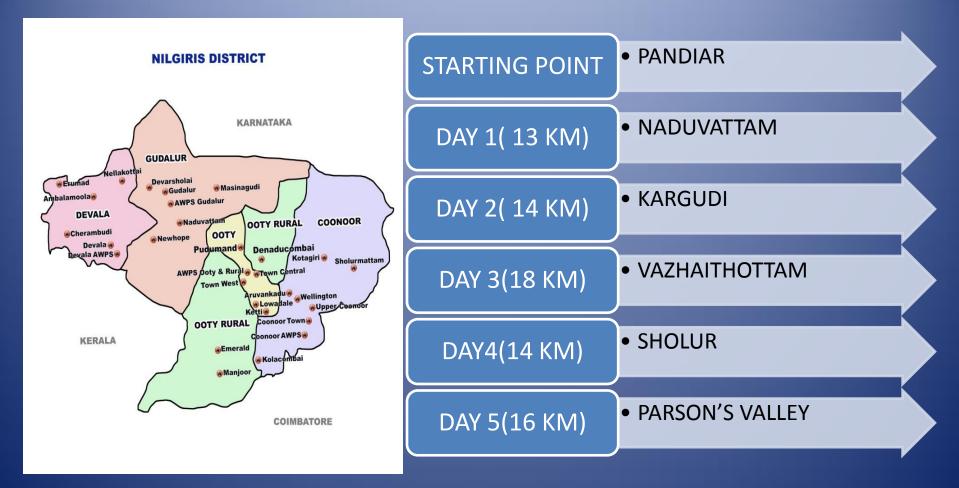




## THE CHALLENGE

20 People 11 States 6 Escorts 5 Stops 70 Km 5 days INTO THE WILD.....

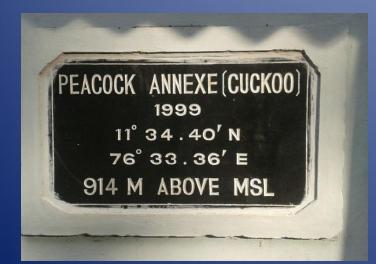
## Route Map



## TREK POINTS









# **POINT ZERO**



## Trek ke sath bhi,.. trek ke baad bhi.

## Safar ki shuruaat...



## ... chai ke sath 111



## And contd. with dumb charade ... !!!







## Finding peace together....



# Memories for sife...



## BOATING, SHOOTING ..... WE DID IT ALL !!!



Din ho ya raat. . . Hum sath sath !



## FRIENRSHIPS ......

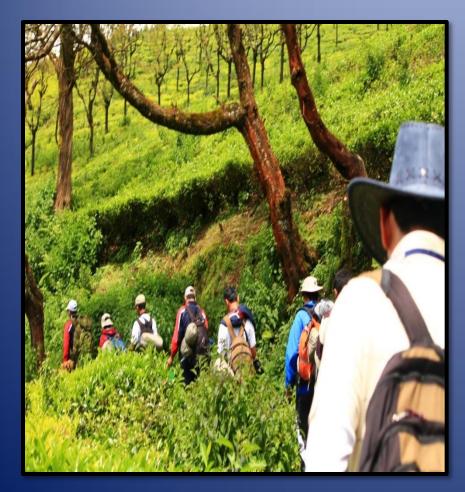
#### Formed.....?

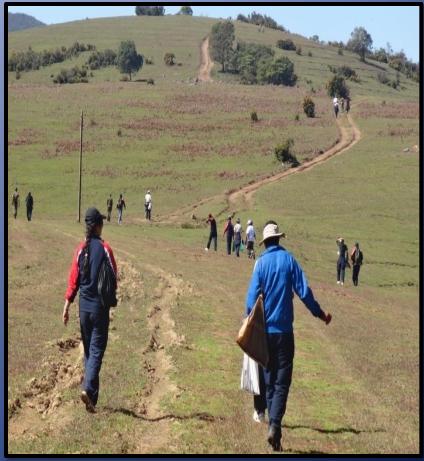
#### CEMENTED...... !!!!





## Yeh Kahan Aa Gaye Hum, Yun Hi Saath Saath Chalte.....





# Lhana khazana; kahin bhi , kabhi bhi ! !



## Aaj main upar aasman neechae



## **Togetherness is AWESOME....!!**

## NILGIRIS

✤Part of a larger mountain chain known as the Western Ghats . The highest point is the mountain of Doddabetta, with a height of 2,623 m

Nilgiri hills have a history going back a good many centuries. It is not known why they were called the Blue Mountains. Several sources cite the reason as the smoky haze enveloping the area, while other sources say it is because of the Kurunji flower, which blooms every twelve years giving the slopes a bluish tinge.

Originally tribal land and was occupied by the Todas around what is now the Ooty area, and by the Kotas around what is now the Kotagiri(Kothar Keri) area.

Badagas are one of the major non tribal OBC (other backward community) population in the district who reside in the mountain

\*Receives rain both during South West Monsoon and North East Monsoo

## BIODIVERSITY – FLORA

NILGIRI WILDFLOWER- ORANGE
CESTRUM



BALMY BALSAMS





NILGIRI WILDFLOWER- YELLOW POUCH FLOWER

## OTHER WILD FLOWERS













## FLORA OF ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE



PEPPER



COFFEE



CARDAMOM



YAM



TAPIOCA



DRY PADDY



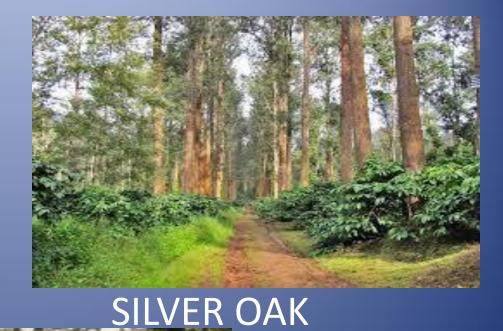


#### ALMOND









#### EUCALYPTUS



## PINE TREES

## FAUNA

## MAMMALS

**CHEETAL** 

#### NILGIRI GAURS(Bos gaurus)



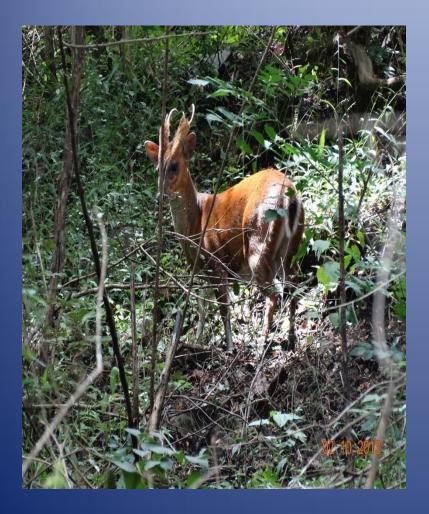
• The **gaur** also called **Indian bison**, is the largest extant bovine and is native to South Asia and Southeast Asia. The species is listed as Vulnerable on the IUCN Red List .

• The gaur is the tallest species of Wild Cattles .



- The chital or cheetal (*Axis axis*), also known as chital deer, spotted deer or axis deer .
- The chital's coat is pinkish fawn, marked with white spots, and its underparts are also white.
- Its antlers which it sheds annually, are usually three-pronged and curve in a lyre .
- The chital ranges over 8–30°N in India and through Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, and Sri Lanka. The western limit of its range is eastern

## HOG DEER



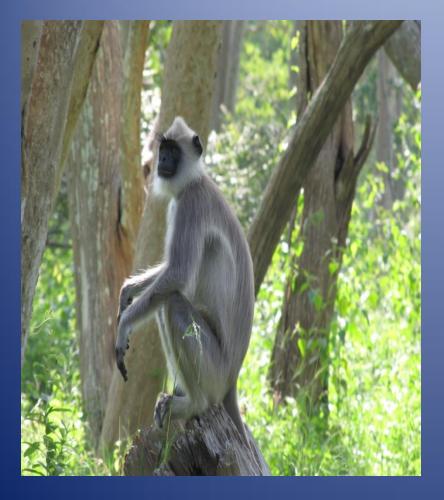
- The Hog deer are indigenous to parts of India and Southeast Asia.
- The coat color of the Hog deer resembles that of the common white-tailed deer, light brown that may appear darker on bucks as they mature.
- Hog deer are not considered an endangered species however; populations have decreased over the last 20 years due to land development and over-hunting.

## NILGIRI LANGUR (*Trachypithecus johnii*)



- It has glossy black fur on its body and golden brown fur on its head.
- It is similar in size and longtailed like the gray langurs.
- Females have a white patch of fur on the inner thigh. It typically lives in troops of nine to ten monkeys.

## **GRAY LANGUR**



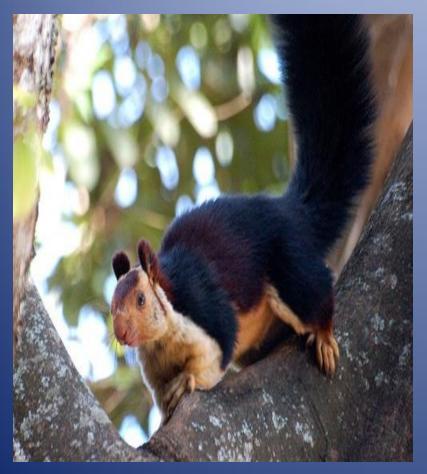
- It is the most widespread langurs of the Indian Subcontinent .
- Belongs to the genus *Semnopithecus*.
- Gray langurs are large and fairly terrestrial, inhabiting forest, open lightly wooded habitats, and urban areas on the Indian subcontinent.
- Most species are found at low to moderate altitudes

## WILD ELEPHANT (*Elephas maximus*)



Asian elephants are smaller in size than African elephants. They also have smaller ears, more rounded back, and a fourth toenail on each of their hind feet. They have thick, dry skin with a small amount of stiff hair, and are gray to brown in colour. Female Asian elephants have rudimentary tusks.

# MALABAR GIANT SQUIRREL (Ratufa indica)



- Endemic to Western Ghats
- Mostly active in the morning and evening and resting in the midday.
- Upper canopy dwelling species which rarely laeves the trees thus its main predators are the birds of prey and leopards



## BUGS







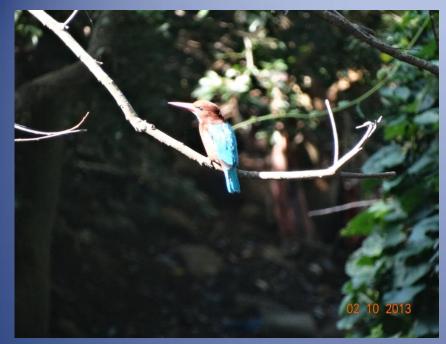
#### **BLACK WOOD SPIDER**

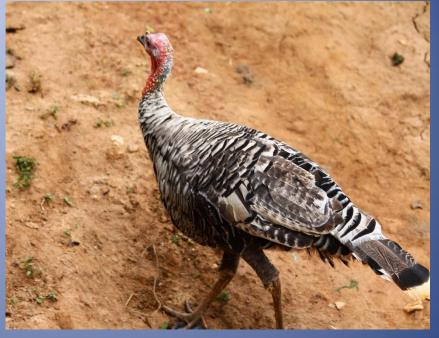




## SHRIKE







#### KINGFISHER





PEACOCK

& DVERSITIES TO F&CE, TO RELISH, TO OVERCOME



## LEECH ATTACK



# Chun chun ke maroonga !!!

## **DIFFICULT STRETCHES**

## **TREK BAG?**



## FIGHTING FATIGUE...

## **BLISTERS...**

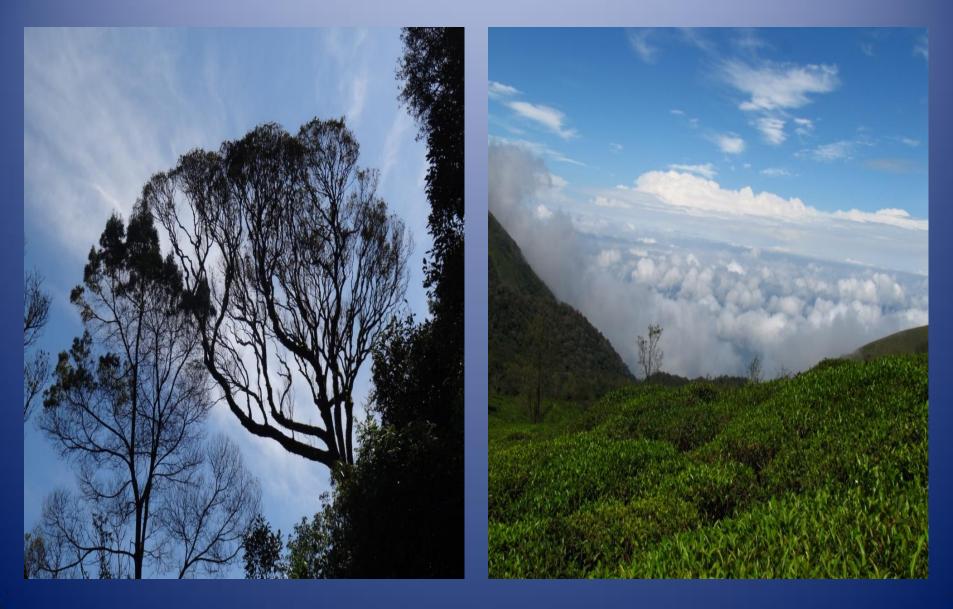


## **FALLING TEMPERATURES**

## LESSONS LEARNT LOVE FOR NATURE

#### A MATTRESS OF CLOUD





## SERENITY .....



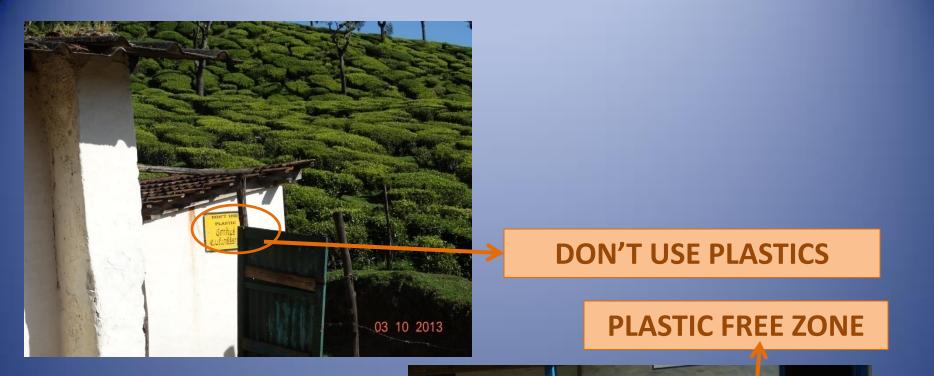
## **RESPECT FOR NATURE**

## If others can do, why cant we ??



SAVE WILD ANIMAL

## PROTECT OUR A



#### PROTECT OUR ENVIRONMENT





MAP OF INDIA MADE FROM GRASS IN SOMMERDALE VILLAGE AS A SIGN TO PAY RESPECT TO NATURE

## SUNSCREEN AND CAPS ARE NOT THE ONLY WAY OUT



NECESSITY IS THE MOTHER OF INVENTION

Are main rest ni kar raha...yoga sikha raha hun

## Leading by example.....

#### Trekking is best done on FOOT!





Morning PTs can take one only so far....



Laughter is 'the' best medicine! Doctors, please excuse....

## UNDERSTANDING DIVERSITY POPULATION

Tea Garden Workers At Terrace Estate

> Interaction With Toda Tribes On The Way To Parson's Valley

TRIBAL POPULATION WE MET ON TREK: A NEW EXPERIENCE

## ECONOMY



#### **Tea plantations at Terrace Estate**



#### Tea garden at Naduvattom



**Banana Plantations On The Way To Kargudi Before Thorapally Checkpost** 





#### TERRACE FARMING



### IRRIGATION

#### **SETTLEMENTS**



#### **Clustered settlement**

#### **Scattered Settlement**



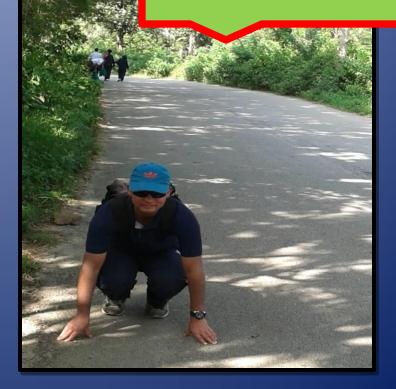
#### Semi-pucca house

#### Some People Have Obedience In Their DNA



SUNIL WEARING I- CARD ALL THROUGH TREK

#### VIJAY PRACTISING PT LESSONS IN TREK



#### UNDERSTANDING THE TRUTH

After coming from trek we came to know how the trek met the motto of FOUNDATION COURSE i.e. LEARN TO SERVE- as we learnt to

- S- Sacrifice (Our comforts for nature)
- E- Empathy( For poor, Wildlife, Nature)
- **R** Relationship (Sense of Bonding with Nature and group members)
- V- Values (Respect for nature and its beauty)
- E- Empowerment (of Poor and Women)

## DISCOVERIES- NEW FOUND LOVE













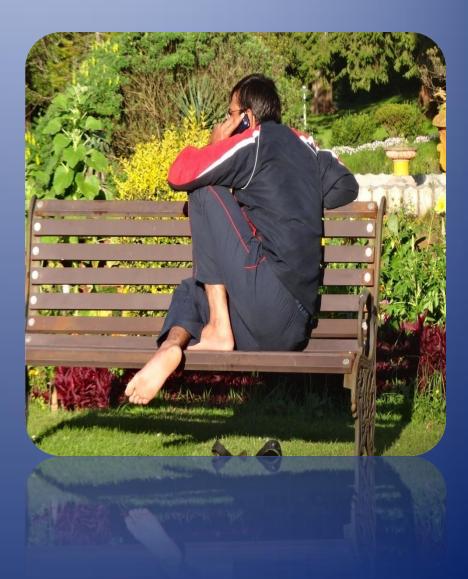
## With Due Apology Some Rules Were Broken



ROMANCING THROUGHOUT THE TREK

## Do Not Disturb....CHARGING IS ON





At last, the blue walkers convey their sincere Thanks to...



Ministry of Environment & Forest

All concerned officials

who had made this trek possible and successful.

## DISCLAIMER

• ALL PICTURES USED HAVE BEEN CLICKED BY GROUP MEMBERS AND NOT BORROWED FROM ANYWHERE !!!

## THANK YOU